## DEVELOPMENT OF INQUIRY SKILLS IN TEACHING LINEAR DEPENDENCE

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# Programme for International Student Assessment (OECD PISA) 2012 

- reducing the level of mathematical literacy of students,
- evaluation of tasks requiring working with different representations of data and understanding of dependencies between quantities,
- illustrative task from the area of finance used in testing (question1, question2)


# Implementation of IBSE into mathematics and science education 

- International projects PRIMAS, FIBONACCI (http://www.primas-project.eu/) (http://www.fibonacci-project.eu/)
- National projects Modernization of education at primary and secondary schools (https://www.modernizaciavzdelavania.sk/)
© Current project: Research on the efficiency of innovative teaching methods in mathematics, physics and informatics education


## Classification of inquiry skills (Berg, 2013)

1. Determining the problem and planning of the experiment / model:
> to formulate a question, hypothesis,
> to propose a model,
> to develop a procedure to test the hypothesis.
2. Making the experiment / modelling:
> to construct the model,
> to record results.

## Classification of inquiry skills (Berg, 2013)

3. Analysis and interpretation of the experiment / model:
> to transform the results into transparent tables, graphs,
> to interpret results and discuss the suitability / limitations of the modelling process,
> to express relationships between variables.
4. Sharing and presentation:
> to present results,
> to find appropriate arguments to justify relations.
5. Application and further exploitation:
> to make hypotheses for further investigation,
> to apply modelling procedures to new problems.

# Preparation of the presest for experimental classroons 

- trying of the first version of the pre-test containing 13 tasks,
o the task for diagnosing the skills to interpret the relationships expressed in the form of symbolic notations,
o the task for diagnosing the skills to express relationships between variables using symbolic notations.


## Innovative lessons plans and teaching materials

- experimental teaching in the first and second year of secondary school,
- selected topics of divisibility, plane geometry, functions,
- motivation tasks, worksheets, interactive learning activities,
○ tools for formative assessment.


## Uniform linear motion



## Investigation of linear dependence

| The production of work pieces in the workshop |
| :--- |
| 1. How many work pieces were in the workshop at the end of the first day: $\mathrm{p} 1=42$ |
| 2. How many work pieces were in the workshop at the end of the working week: $\mathrm{p} 2=0$ |
| 3. Use the sliders to set the numbers of work pieces produced in different days of the week, <br> so that the total number of work pieces in a workshop at the end of each day grows linearly <br> over time. |
| 180 |

## The graph of linear function

- How does the graph of a linear function change if we decrease the value of the coefficient a to 0.5 ; $-0.5 ;-1$; ...?
- What is a relative position of graphs of linear functions $f: y=2 x-5$ and $g: y=5 x+3$ ?
© Determine the coordinates of the intersection point of graphs of all linear functions given by the formula $y=a x-2$, where $a$ is any real number different from 0.
- Is there a linear function whose graph is perpendicular to the x axis?


## Finding symbolic representation of a linear function



## Discussion

- questionnaires to express initial experience and opinions of teachers,
- use of arithmetic and dynamic graphical models,
- students' problems with the formulation and generalization of discovered findings,
- teachers should also require explanation of students' conclusions and finding adequate arguments for their justification,
© teachers' evaluation of the first version of pre-test.


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